

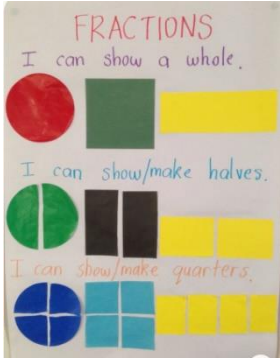
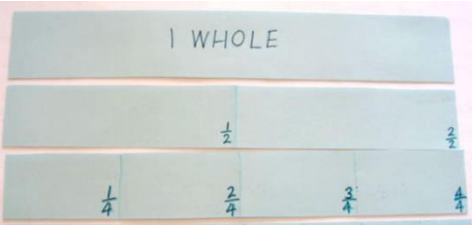

Fractions

Foundation Stage Objectives:

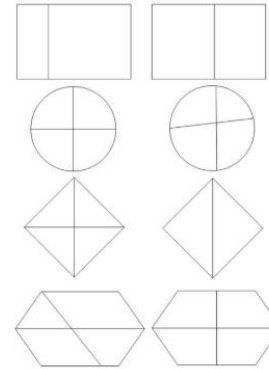
- Solve practical problems involving sharing and halving. **See Division section of policy.**

Year 1 Objectives:

- Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.
- Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.

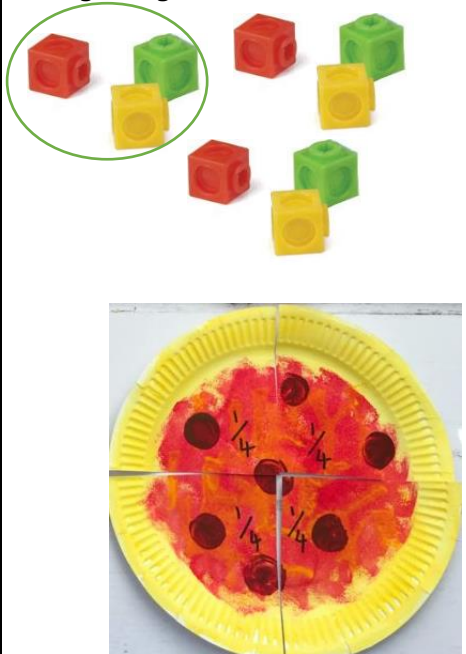
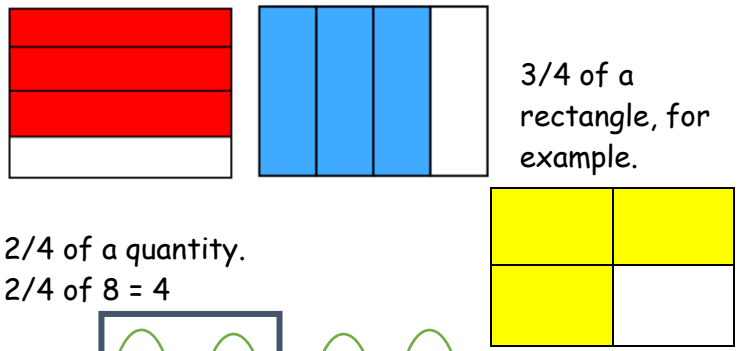
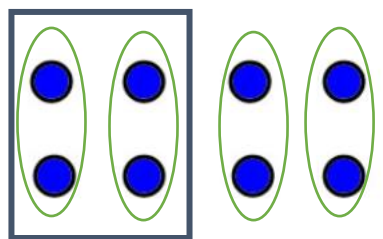
Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
<p>Pupils will use practical objects, including within their role play and outside areas to find $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ of different amounts and shapes.</p>		
<p>Bar Model using strips of paper, I find $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ by folding and cutting different sizes and shapes in order to support their understanding of fractions.</p>  <p>The poster 'FRACTIONS' includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'I can show a whole.' with a red circle, a green square, and a yellow rectangle. 'I can show/make halves.' with a green circle divided in two, a black square divided in two, and a yellow rectangle divided in two. 'I can show/make quarters.' with a blue circle divided into four, a light blue square divided into four, and a yellow rectangle divided into four. </p>  <p>The bar model shows a strip labeled '1 WHOLE' divided into two equal halves (labeled $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{2}{2}$) and into four equal quarters (labeled $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, and $\frac{4}{4}$).</p>	<p>E.g. find half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of the items on each picture or shape. Do the same for a quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$).</p>  <p>The pictorial examples include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two items circled in green to show half. Four soccer balls, with two circled in green to show half. Two rows of four items each, with the first two items in each row circled in green to show half. Two rows of four items each, with the first item in each row circled in green to show a quarter. Two rows of four items each, with the first two items in each row circled in green to show half. A circle divided into four equal quadrants, with the top-left quadrant shaded cyan and labeled $\frac{1}{4}$. A 2x2 grid of squares, with the bottom-left square shaded blue and labeled $\frac{1}{4}$. </p>	<p>Half of 10 = 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3</p> <p>A quarter of 20 = $\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 = 2</p>

Repeat with shapes: Which have been cut exactly into quarters?



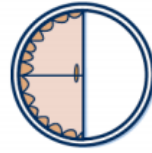
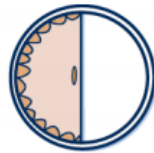
Year 2 Objectives:

- Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1/3$, $1/4$, $2/4$ and $3/4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
- Write simple fractions for example, $1/2$ of $6 = 3$ and recognise the equivalence of $2/4$ and $1/2$.

Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
<p>Recognising $1/3$, $1/4$, $2/4$ and $3/4$</p> 	<p>Find different ways of finding fractions of shapes</p>  <p>$3/4$ of a rectangle, for example.</p> <p>$2/4$ of a quantity. $2/4$ of $8 = 4$</p> 	<p>$1/3$ of $9 = 3$</p> <p>$2/4$ of $8 = 4$</p> <p>$3/4$ of $12 = 9$</p>

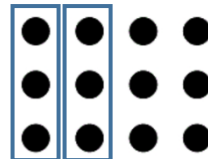
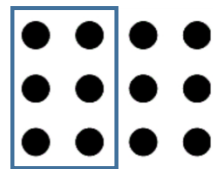
Recognise equivalence.

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$



$\frac{2}{4}$ of a pie = $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pie

$\frac{1}{2}$ of 12 = $\frac{2}{4}$ of 12



$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 12 = 6$$

$$\frac{2}{4} \text{ of } 12 = 6$$

Year 3 Objectives:

- Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
- Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]
- Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number

Recognise and show equivalent fractions using fraction bars/strips, for example



$\frac{1}{2}$



$\frac{2}{4}$



$\frac{3}{6}$



$\frac{4}{8}$

David says two sixths is the same as one third. Is he correct? How do you know?

Fractions of a discrete set of objects.

Unit fraction $\frac{1}{8}$

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 15 \text{ sweets} = 3$$
$$(15 \div 5 = 3)$$



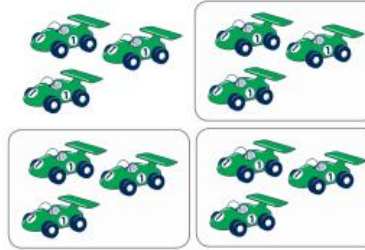
Non-unit fraction 3/7



1/8

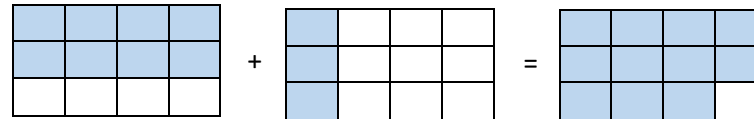


3/4



2/5 of 15 sweets = 6
(15 ÷ 5 = 3 and 3 × 2 = 6)

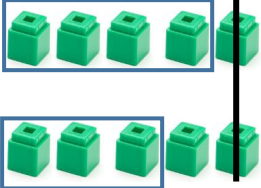
Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within 1 whole.



$$8/12 + 3/12 = 11/12$$

Comparing the two fractions and finding the difference/

$$4/5 - 3/5 = 1/5$$



$$4/5 - 3/5 = 1/5$$


Solve problems:

David spent 1/4 of his money on a book. The book cost £10. How much money did he start off with?

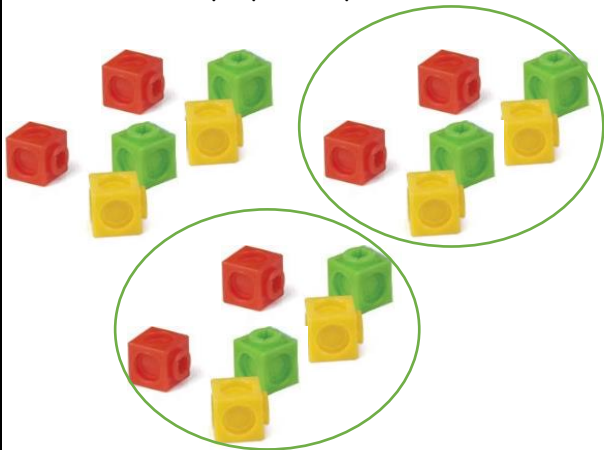
$$1/4 = £10$$

$$4 \times £10 = £40$$

Total Money?			
1/4	1/4	1/4	1/4

	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="background-color: #f4b084;">£10</td> <td style="color: red;">£10</td> <td style="color: red;">£10</td> <td style="color: red;">£10</td> </tr> </table>	£10	£10	£10	£10	
£10	£10	£10	£10			
Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract				
Year 4 Objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator • Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number 						
Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract				
<p>Adding and subtracting fractions as above</p> <p>Solve problems including non-unit fractions</p>	<p>$2/3$ of £18 =</p> 	<p>$3/8 + 5/8 = 8/8$ (same as 1 whole)</p> <p>$6/7 - 4/7 = 2/7$</p> <p>$2/3$ of £18 = $£18 \div 3 = £6$ $£6 \times 2 = £12$</p>				


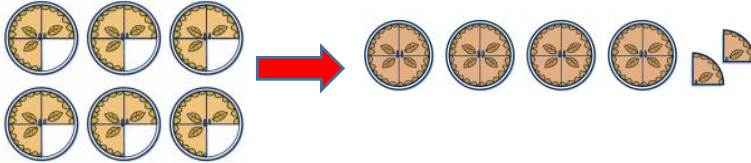
Use counters/play money to find $2/3$.



Year 5 Objectives:

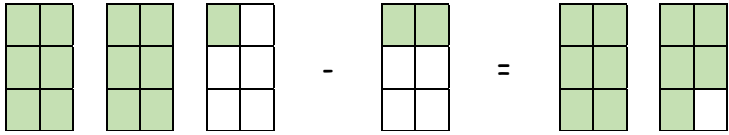
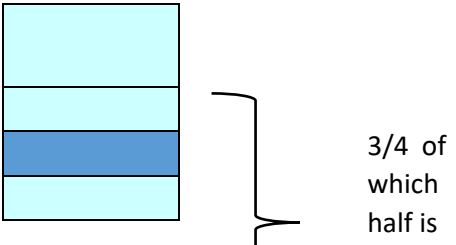

- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 \frac{1}{5}$]
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
<p>Add and subtract fractions with same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number, and recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions.</p> <p>$2/3 + 2/3 = 4/3 = 1 \frac{1}{3}$</p>	<p>$4/6 + 3/6 = 1 \text{ whole} + 1/6$ ($7/6$)</p> <p>$2/5 - 1/4 =$</p> <p>$8/20 - 5/20 = 3/20$</p>	<p>$4/6 + 3/6 = 7/6 = 1 \frac{1}{6}$</p> <p>$1 \frac{1}{6} = 7/6$ (because $1 = 6/6$)</p> <p>$2/5 - 1/4 =$</p> <p>$8/20 - 5/20 = 3/20$</p>

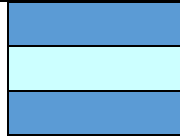
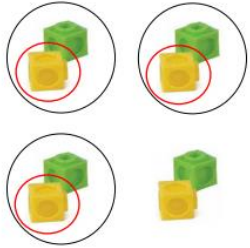
<p>Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by a whole number $6 \times 3/4$</p> 	<p>$6 \times 3/4 = 4 \frac{2}{4}$</p> 	<p>$6 \times 3/4 = 18/4 = 4 \frac{2}{4}$ or $4 \frac{1}{2}$</p>
---	---	---

Year 6 Objectives:

- Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $1/4 \times 1/2 = 1/8$]
- Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$]

Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
<p>Add and Subtract fractions - as year 5</p> <p>With mixed numbers</p>	<p>$2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$</p>  <p>$2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3} = 1 \frac{5}{6}$</p>	<p>$2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$ (find the same denominator)</p> <p>$2 \frac{1}{6} - \frac{2}{6}$ (change 1 whole into a fraction and add to the existnig fraction)</p> <p>$1 \frac{7}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = 1 \frac{5}{6}$</p>
<p>Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions.</p>	<p>$1/2 \times 3/4$</p>  <p>$3/4$ of which half is shaded</p>	<p>$1/2 \times 3/4 = 3/8$</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Multiply the numerator. 2. Multiply the denominator. 3. Simplify where possible. 

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{8}$$

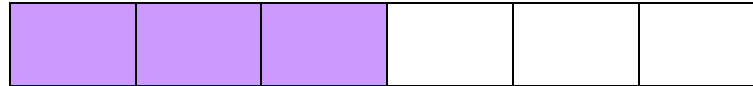


$$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{5}{6} = \frac{10}{30} = \frac{1}{3}$$

x

Divide proper fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{2} \div 3 =$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \div 3 = \frac{1}{6}$$